Independent Auditor's Report and Financial Statements

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

School District Officials
June 30, 2022

Board Members

Christopher Richards Board President
Stacey SorlienVice President
Faydra Christensen Member
Jim Gerdes Member
Adam Hoesing Member
Brett MellemSuperintendent
Matt JensenBusiness Manager

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Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

School Board Viborg-Hurley School District No. 60-6 Turner County, South Dakota

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Viborg-Hurley School District No. 60-6, South Dakota, as of June 30, 2022 and for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated July 28, 2023, which was qualified because the School District did not adopt Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 84 *Fiduciary Activities*.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the School District's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying Schedule of Current Audit Findings as item 2022-001 that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Viborg-Hurley School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

School District's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor the perform limited procedures on the School District's response to the findings identified in our audit. The School District's response to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Current Audit Findings. The School District's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Viborg-Hurley School District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. As required by South Dakota Codified Law 4-11-11, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Elk Point, South Dakota

C10 Ry LRC

July 28, 2023

Schedule of Prior Audit Findings Year Ended June 30, 2022

Prior Audit Findings:

Finding Number 2021-001 – Internal Control Finding

A significant deficiency resulting from lack of segregation of duties. This finding has not been corrected and is being restated as Finding 2022-001.

Schedule of Current Audit Findings Year Ended June 30, 2022

Current Audit Findings:

Finding Number 2022-001 - Internal Control Finding

There is a significant deficiency resulting from lack of segregation of duties.

<u>Criteria:</u> In order to achieve proper internal control, it is necessary to have segregation of duties provided between performance, review and record keeping. Lack of this segregation of duties could adversely affect the organization's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data consistent with management assertions.

<u>Condition, Cause and Effect:</u> The size of the accounting staff employed by the entity precludes an adequate segregation of duties.

<u>Recommendation:</u> We recommend a high level of awareness be maintained by management to assist in preventing, detecting, or correcting matters that may arise due to this internal control weakness. We recommend that management attempt to provide compensating internal controls whenever, and wherever, possible, and practical.

<u>Management's Response:</u> Due to staff size, it is not deemed feasible to adequately segregate duties. However, we are aware of this internal control weakness and intend to provide continuous monitoring in an effort to prevent, detect, or correct matters that may result.



Independent Auditor's Report

School Board Viborg-Hurley School District No. 60-6 Turner County, South Dakota

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Qualified and Unmodified Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Viborg-Hurley School District No. 60-6, South Dakota, as of June 30, 2022, and for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Viborg-Hurley School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, except for the matters described in the "Basis for Qualified and Unmodified Opinions" section of our report, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Viborg-Hurley School District No. 60-6 as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Qualified and Unmodified Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements` relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified and unmodified audit opinions.

The School District did not adopt Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities, which is a departure from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (USGAAP). The amount by which this departure would affect the assets, liabilities, net position, revenues, and expenses/expenditures of the governmental activities, the general governmental fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information is not reasonably determinable.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal controls relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standard* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that
 are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that
 raise substantial doubt about the School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable
 period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A), the Budgetary Comparison Schedules, the Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset), and Schedule of School District Contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated July 28, 2023 on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Elk Point, South Dakota

C10 Ref LRC

July 28, 2023

Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)
June 30, 2022

This section of Viborg-Hurley School District 60-6's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the School's financial performance during the fiscal year ended on June 30, 2022. Please read it in conjunction with the School's financial statements, which follow this section.

Financial Highlights

- During the year, the District's revenue generated from taxes and other revenues of the governmental and business-type programs was \$874,339 more than the \$4,641,659 in governmental and business-type expenditures.
- The Hurley School District 60-2 and the Viborg School District 60-5 consolidated as the Viborg-Hurley School District 60-6 as of July 1, 2012.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This annual report consists of three parts - management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the School:

- The first two statements are government-wide financial statements that provide both long-term and short-term information about the School's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the School government, reporting the School's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
 - 1. The governmental funds statements tell how general government services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending.
 - 2. Proprietary fund statements offer short and long-term financial information about the activities that the school operates like a business. The only proprietary funds operated by the school are the Food Service; Fund 51 and Other Enterprise Operations; Fund 53. Fund 53 includes Drivers Education and the Day Care Program which is located in the Hurley building.
 - 3. Fiduciary fund statements provide information about the financial relationships like student organization club accounts in which the School acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others, to whom the resources in question belong.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements.

Figure A-1 summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements, including the portion of the School government covered and the types of information contained. The reminder of the overview section of the management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)
June 30, 2022

Figure A-1

Major Features of Viborg-Hurley School District's Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

			Fund Statements	
	Government- Wide Statements	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds	Fiduciary Funds
Scope	Entire School government (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the School that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as elementary and high school education programs	Activities the School operates similar to private businesses, the food service operation.	Instances in which the School is the trustee or agent for someone else's resources.
Required Financial Statements	 Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities 	 Balance Sheet Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances 	 Statement of Net Position Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Statement of Cash Flows 	 Statement of Net Position Statement of Changes in Net Position
Accounting Basis and Measurement Focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of Asset/Liability Information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter no capital assets included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term	All assets and liabilities, both short-term and long-term; the District's funds do not currently contain capital assets although they can
Type of Inflow/Outflow Information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid

Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) June 30, 2022

Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the district's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net position and how they have changed. Net position – the difference between the District's assets and liabilities – is one way to measure the District's financial health or position.

- Increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the District you need to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the District's property tax base and changes in the state school aid funding formula from the State of South Dakota.

The government-wide financial statements of the School are reported in two categories:

- Governmental Activities This category includes the District's basic instructional services, such as
 elementary and high school educational programs, support services (guidance counselors, executive
 administration, board of education, fiscal services, etc.) debt service payments, extracurricular activities
 (sports, debate, music, etc.) and capital equipment purchases. Property taxes, state grants, federal grants
 and interest earnings finance most of these activities.
- Business-type Activities The District charges a fee to students to help cover the costs of providing hot lunch services to all students and a fee to cover costs of providing drivers education to students. The Food Service, the Daycare Fund and the Drivers Ed fund are the only business-type activities of the District.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's most significant or "major" funds – not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

- State law requires some of the funds.
- The School Board establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes.

Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)
June 30, 2022

The School has three kinds of funds:

- Governmental Funds Most of the District's basic services are included in the governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily convert to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at the year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, we provide additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statements, or on the subsequent page that explains the relationship (or differences) between them.
- Proprietary Funds Services for which the District charges customers a fee is generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary fund statements, like the government-wide statements, provide both short and long-term financial information. The Food Service Fund, the Daycare Fund and the Drivers Ed Fund are the only business-type activities of the District.
- Fiduciary Funds The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for various external and internal parties. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of net position and a statement of changes in net position. We exclude these activities from the District's government-wide financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)
June 30, 2022

Financial Analysis of the School as a Whole

Net Position

The District's combined net position changed as follows:

Table A-1
Viborg-Hurley School District 60-6
Statement of Net Position

							Total Percentage
	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Typ	pe Activities	То	tal	Change
	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021-2022
Current and Other Assets	\$ 5,727,035	\$ 6,899,217	\$ 141,672	\$ 188,848	\$ 5,868,707	\$ 7,088,065	20.78%
Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)	6,741,431	6,765,231	5,062	1,266	6,746,493	6,766,497	0.30%
Total Assets	12,468,466	13,664,448	146,734	190,114	12,615,200	13,854,562	9.82%
OPEB Related Deferred Outflows	21,878	18,774			21,878	18,774	-14.19%
Pension Related Deferred Outflows	630,662	925,551			630,662	925,551	46.76%
Total Deferred Outflows or Resources	652,540	944,325			652,540	944,325	44.72%
Long-Term Liabilities Outstanding	296,468	195,953			296,468	195,953	-33.90%
Other Liabilities	349,213	304,241	900	10,522	350,113	314,763	-10.10%
Total Liabilities	645,681	500,194	900	10,522	646,581	510,716	-21.01%
Taxes Levied for Future Period	1,197,584	1,169,002			1,197,584	1,169,002	-2.39%
OPEB Related Deferred Inflows	14,613	62,165			14,613	62,165	325.41%
Pension Related Deferred Inflows	538,646	1,312,349			538,646	1,312,349	143.64%
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,750,843	2,543,516			1,750,843	2,543,516	45.27%
Net Investment in Capital Assets	6,741,431	6,765,231	5,062	1,266	6,746,493	6,766,497	0.30%
Restricted	3,045,054	3,861,786			3,045,054	3,861,786	26.82%
Unrestricted	937,997	938,046	140,773	178,326	1,078,770	1,116,372	3.49%
Total Net Assets	10,724,482	11,565,063	145,835	179,592	10,870,317	11,744,655	8.04%
Beginning Net Position	10,507,341	10,724,482	123,665	145,835	10,631,006	10,870,317	2.25%
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	\$ 217,141	\$ 840,581	\$ 22,170	\$ 33,757	\$ 239,311	\$ 874,338	-265.36%
Percentage of Increase (Decrease)							
in Net Position	2.07%	7.84%	17.93%	23.15%	2.25%	8.04%	

The Statement of Net Position reports all financial and capital resources. The statement presents the assets and liabilities in order of relative liquidity. The liabilities with average maturities greater than one year are reported in two components — the amount due within one year and the amount due in more than one year. The long-term liabilities of the school, consist of other post-employment benefits payable have been reported in this manner on the Statement of Net Position. The difference between the school's assets and liabilities is its net position.

Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)
June 30, 2022

Changes in Net Position

The School's total revenues totaled \$5,515,998 (See table A-4). Approximately 52% of the School's revenue comes from property taxes, with another 30% coming from State Aid . (See Table A-2).

Table A-2
Viborg-Hurley School District 60-6
Sources of Revenues
Fiscal Year 2021-2022

Taxes	\$ 2,879,753	52.21%
State Sources	1,644,290	29.81%
Operating Grants & Contributions	507,798	9.21%
Charges For Services	302,933	5.49%
Other General Revenues	160,101	2.90%
Intermediate sources	4,851	0.09%
Unrestricted Investment Earnings	16,272	0.29%
Total Revenue	\$ 5,515,998	100.00%

The School's expenses totaled \$4,641,659 (see table A-4) and covered a range of services, including instruction, support services, food service, and drivers education (See Table A-3).

Table A-3
Viborg-Hurley School District 60-6
Statement of Expenditures
Fiscal Year 2021-2022

Instruction	\$ 2,244,162	48.35%
Support Services	1,839,398	39.63%
Cocurricular Activities	222,691	4.80%
Food Service	283,706	6.11%
Drivers Education	51,702	1.11%
Total Expenditures	\$ 4,641,659	100.00%

Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) June 30, 2022

Governmental and Business-Type Activities

Table A-4 and the narrative that follows consider the operations of the governmental activities and the business-type activities of the District:

Table A-4

					_		Total Percentage
	Governme	nt Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	To	Change	
	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	
Revenues							
Program Revenues							
Charge for Services	\$ 25,646	\$ 206,702	\$ 130,648	\$ 96,231	\$ 156,294	\$ 302,933	93.82%
Operating Grants/							
Contributions	286,677	234,863	161,335	272,935	448,012	507,798	13.34%
General Revenues							
Taxes	2,780,904	2,879,753			2,780,904	2,879,753	3.55%
Revenue State Sources	1,406,803	1,644,290			1,406,803	1,644,290	16.88%
Revenue Intermediate Sources		4,851				4,851	100.00%
Other							
Other general revenues	79,855	160,101			79,855	160,101	100.49%
Unrestricted Investment							
Earnings	27,202	16,272			27,202	16,272	-40.18%
	4,607,087	5,146,832	291,983	369,166	4,899,070	5,515,998	12.59%
Expenses							
Instruction	2,344,550	2,244,162			2,344,550	2,244,162	-4.28%
Support Services	1,777,259	1,839,398			1,777,259	1,839,398	3.50%
Non-programmed Charges	5,482				5,482		-100.00%
Debt Services	68,426				68,426		-100.00%
Co-curricular Activities	194,229	222,691			194,229	222,691	14.65%
Food Service			212,186	283,706	212,186	283,706	33.71%
Driver's Education			7,171		7,171		-100.00%
Other Enterprise			50,455	51,702	50,455	51,702	2.47%
	4,389,946	4,306,251	269,812	335,408	4,659,758	4,641,659	-0.39%
Increase (Decrease) in							
Net Position	217,141	840,581	22,171	33,758	239,312	874,339	265.36%
Beginning Adjusted							
Net Position	10,507,341	10,724,482	123,665	145,836	10,631,006	10,870,318	2.25%
Ending Net Position	\$10,724,482	\$11,565,063	\$ 145,836	\$ 179,594	\$10,870,318	\$11,744,657	8.04%

Governmental Activities

Revenues for the governmental activities increased by 11.7% due to an increase in charges for services, taxes, and state aid. Expenses increased by decreased 1.9%.

Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) June 30, 2022

Business Type Activities

Revenues of the School's business-type activities increased by 26.4% and expenses increased by 24.3%.

Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

Fund balances changed as follows: General Fund increased \$16,252 as a result of revenues exceeding expenditures. The Capital Outlay Fund increased \$360,011 as a result of revenues exceeding expenditures. The Special Education Fund increased \$203,065 as a result of revenues exceeding expenditures.

Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the School Board revised the budget several times. These amendments fall into two categories:

- Supplemental appropriations and contingency transfers approved for unanticipated, yet necessary, expenses to provide for items necessary for the education program of this district.
- Increases in appropriations to prevent budget overruns.

Capital Asset Administration

At the end of 2022, the School had the following changes in Capital Assets (See Table A-5).

Table A-5
Capital Assets
(Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities			Business-Type Activities				 tal Dollar Change	Total % Change	
		2021		2022		2021		2022		
Land	\$	234,717	\$	234,717	\$		\$		\$ 	0.00%
Buildings		5,999,361		5,803,297					(196,064)	-3.27%
Improvements		25,399		252,411					227,012	893.78%
Machinery & Equipment		481,954		474,806		5,062		1,266	(10,944)	-2.25%
Total Capital Assets	\$	6,741,431	\$	6,765,231	\$	5,062	\$	1,266	\$ 20,004	0.30%

Some of this year's major capital asset purchases were a new security system, lift, water heaters, floor scrubber, new smart boards, and parking lot improvements.

Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) June 30, 2022

Long-Term Debt

The Viborg-Hurley School District had \$195,953 in outstanding debt and obligations see individual balances on Table A-6. This is a 33.9% decrease from last year as shown on Table A-6.

Table A-6
Outstanding Debt and Obligations

	Governmental Activities					otal Dollar Change	Total % Change
		2021		2022			
Other Post Employment Benefits	\$	231,018	\$	195,953	\$	(35,065)	-15.18%
Direct Borrowings		65,449				(65,449)	-100.00%
Total Outstanding Debt	\$	296,467	\$	195,953	\$	(100,514)	-33.90%

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

This is the newly consolidated school district's tenth year of operation. The District does have the ability to increase the amount of revenue generated from property taxes, however, the total amount which can be levied is limited by the State of South Dakota.

One of the primary sources of revenue to the District is based on a per student allocation received from the State of South Dakota. The state aid enrollment at Viborg-Hurley School District 60-6 was 381 students.

Contacting the School's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact the District's Business Office, 203 W Park Avenue, Viborg, SD 57070.

Statement of Net Position – Government-Wide June 30, 2022

	Primary Go		
	Governmental	Business-Type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
Assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,628,159	\$ 180,645	\$ 4,808,804
Accounts receivable		401	401
Taxes receivable	1,357,313		1,357,313
Due From Other Government	239,502		239,502
Inventories		7,802	7,802
Net pension asset	674,243		674,243
Capital assets:			
Land and construction in progress	234,717		234,717
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	6,530,514	1,266	6,531,780
Total Assets	13,664,448	190,114	13,854,562
Deferred Outflows of Resources:			
OPEB-related deferred outflows	18,774		18,774
Pension-related deferred outflows	925,551		925,551
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	944,325		944,325
Liabilities:			
Unearned revenue		10,514	10,514
Other current liabilities	304,241	8	304,249
Long-term liabilities:			
Due in more than one year	195,953		195,953
Total Liabilities	500,194	10,522	510,716
Deferred Inflows of Resources:			
Taxes levied for future periods	1,169,002		1,169,002
Pension related deferred inflows	1,312,349		1,312,349
OBEP-related deferred inflows	62,165		62,165
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	2,543,516		2,543,516
Net Position:			
Net investment in capital assets	6,765,231	1,266	6,766,497
Restricted for:			
Capital outlay	1,976,839		1,976,839
Special education	1,597,502		1,597,502
SDRS pension purposes	287,445		287,445
Unrestricted	938,046	178,326	1,116,372
Total Net Position	\$ 11,565,063	\$ 179,592	\$ 11,744,655

Statement of Activities – Government-Wide June 30, 2022

				Net (Expenses Changes in		
		Program	Revenues	Primary G		
			Operating	•		
		Charges for	Grants and	Governmental	Business-Type	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total
Governmental Activities:						
Instruction	\$ 2,244,162	\$	\$ 234,863	\$ (2,009,299)	\$	\$ (2,009,299)
Support services	1,839,398	184,601		(1,654,797)		(1,654,797)
Cocurricular activities	222,691	22,101		(200,590)		(200,590)
Total Governmental Activities	4,306,251	206,702	234,863	(3,864,686)		(3,864,686)
Business-Type Activities:						
Food service	283,706	40,506	272,935		29,735	29,735
Other enterprise	51,702	55,725			4,023	4,023
Total Business Type Activities	335,408	96,231	272,935		33,758	33,758
Total Primary Government	\$ 4,641,659	\$ 302,933	\$ 507,798	(3,864,686)	33,758	(3,830,928)
	General Revenue	es:				
	Taxes:					
	Property ta	ixes		2,631,691		2,631,691
	Utility taxe			248,062		248,062
	Revenue from	state sources:				
	State aid			1,644,290		1,644,290
		vestment earning		16,272		16,272
		ntributions not Re	stricted	4.051		4.054
	to Specific Pr Other general	-		4,851 160,101		4,851 160,101
	Other general	revenues		100,101		100,101
	Total General Re	venues and Trans	fers	4,705,267		4,705,267
		Chang	ge in Net Position	840,581	33,758	874,339
		Net Position	- Beginning of Yea	r 10,724,482	145,834	10,870,316
		Net Po	sition - End of Yea	\$ 11,565,063	\$ 179,592	\$ 11,744,655

Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

	General	Capital Outlay	Special Education	Total Governmental Funds
Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,066,233	\$ 1,955,199	\$ 1,606,727	\$ 4,628,159
Taxes receivable - current	573,438	402,539	317,815	1,293,792
Taxes receivable - delinquent	24,856	21,640	17,025	63,521
Due from other governments	239,502			239,502
Total Assets	\$ 1,904,029	\$ 2,379,378	\$ 1,941,567	\$ 6,224,974
Liabilities and Fund Balances:				
Liabilities:				
Contracts payable	\$ 227,332	\$	\$ 21,899	\$ 249,231
Payroll deductions and withholding and				
employer matching payable	50,659		4,351	55,010
Total Liabilities	277,991		26,250	304,241
Deferred Inflows of Resources:				
Taxes levied for future period	448,648	402,539	317,815	1,169,002
Delinquent taxes not available	24,856	21,640	17,025	63,521
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	473,504	424,179	334,840	1,232,523
Fund Balances:				
Restricted:				
For capital outlay		1,955,199		1,955,199
For special education			1,580,477	1,580,477
Unassigned	1,152,534			1,152,534
Total Fund Balances	1,152,534	1,955,199	1,580,477	4,688,210
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 1,904,029	\$ 2,379,378	\$ 1,941,567	\$ 6,224,974

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds		\$ 4,688,210
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		6,765,231
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the funds.		
Other Postemployment Benefits Payable	(195,953)	(195,953)
Assets that are not available to pay for current period expenditures are deferred in the governmental funds. Assets at year end consist of:		
Delinquent Property Taxes Receivable		63,521
Proportionate Share of Net Pension Asset		674,243
Pension and OPEB related deferred inflows are components of non current liabilities and therefore are not reported in the funds.		(1,374,514)
Pension and OPEB related deferred outflows are components of non current assets and therefore are not reported in the funds.		 944,325
Net Position - Governmental Activities		\$ 11,565,063

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds
June 30, 2022

	General	Capital Outlay	Special Education	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues				
Revenue from Local Sources:				
Taxes:				
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 993,664	\$ 903,194	\$ 718,762	\$ 2,615,620
Prior years' ad valorem taxes	6,864	4,095	3,512	14,471
Utility taxes	248,062			248,062
Penalties and interest on taxes	2,386	1,673	1,409	5,468
Earnings on Investments and Deposits	16,272			16,272
Cocurricular Activities:				
Admissions	22,101			22,101
Other Revenue from Local Sources:				
Rentals	4,400			4,400
Contributions and donations	4,851			4,851
Charges for services	1,120		23,373	24,493
Other	53,645	23,898	1,610	79,153
Revenue from Intermediate Sources:				
County Sources:				
County apportionment	49,522			49,522
Revenue in lieu of taxes	1,033			1,033
Revenue from State Sources:				
Grants-in-Aid:				
Unrestricted grants-in-aid	1,628,001			1,628,001
Restricted grants-in-aid	4,807			4,807
Other state revenue	11,482			11,482
Revenue from Federal Sources:				
Grants-in-Aid:				
Restricted grants-in-aid received from				
federal government through the state	122,863	112,000		234,863
Total Revenues	\$ 3,171,073	\$ 1,044,860	\$ 748,666	\$ 4,964,599

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds
June 30, 2022 (Continued)

		Capital	Special	Total Governmental
	General	Outlay	Education	Funds
Expenditures				
Instructional Services:				
Regular Programs:				
Elementary	\$ 459,801	\$ 62,665	\$	\$ 522,466
Middle/junior high	529,891	41,666		571,557
High school	440,352	60,046		500,398
Preschool	67,236			67,236
Special Programs:				
Programs for special education			361,459	361,459
Educationally deprived	84,074			84,074
Support Services:				
Students:				
Guidance	72,152			72,152
Health	1,677		27,277	28,954
Psychological	875		19,695	20,570
Speech pathology			28,221	28,221
Student therapy services			38,837	38,837
Instructional Staff:				
Educational media	154,911	12,305		167,216
General Administration:				
Board of education	23,592			23,592
Executive administration	194,912			194,912
School Administration:	,			•
Office of the principal	123,541			123,541
Other	122			122
Business:				
Fiscal services	104,864	1,626		106,490
Facilities acquisition and construction		12,836		12,836
Operation and maintenance of plant	493,998	92,574		586,572
Student transportation	201,589	J2,J/ -		201,589
Food services	201,303	13,457		13,457
Special Education:		13,437		13,437
Administrative costs			40,640	40.640
			•	40,640
Transportation costs			29,472	29,472
Debt Services:		6,898		6,898
Cocurricular Activities:	.= =0.4	44.500		50.000
Male activities	47,791	11,539		59,330
Female activities	62,496	3,136		65,632
Transportation Combined activities	2,105 88,842			2,105 88,842
	00,042	371,601		371,601
Capital Outlay	2 154 921			
Total Expenditures	3,154,821	690,349	545,601	4,390,771
Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures	16,252	354,511	203,065	573,828
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Sale of Surplus Property		5,500		5,500
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		5,500		5,500
Net Change in Fund Balances	16,252	360,011	203,065	579,328
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	1,136,282	1,595,188	1,377,412	4,108,882
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 1,152,534	\$ 1,955,199	\$ 1,580,477	\$ 4,688,210

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities June 30, 2022

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 579,328
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
This amount represents capital assets purchases which are reported as expenditures on the fund financial statements but increase assets on the government wide statements.	371,601
The amount represents the current year depreciation expense reported in the statement of activities which is not reported on the fund financials because it does not require the use of current financial resources.	(343,801)
In the statement of activities, gains and losses on disposal of capital	
assets are reported, whereas, in the governmental funds, the proceeds of \$5,287 from the disposal of capital assets is reflected, regardless of whether a gain or loss is realized.	(4,000)
Payment of principal on long-term debt is an expenditure in the governmental funds but the payment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position	
Direct Borrowing	65,449
The recognition of revenues in the governmental funds differ from the recognition in the governmental activities in the fact that revenue accruals in the fund financial statements require the amounts to be "available."	(3,868)
Changes in the pension related deferred outflows/inflows are direct components of pension liability (asset) and are not reflected in the governmental funds.	191,463
Changes in the OPEB related deferred outflows/inflows are direct components of noncurrent liability (asset) and are not reflected in the governmental funds.	 (15,591)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 840,581

Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds June 30, 2022

	Enterprise Funds				
		Food	(Other	
	9	Service	En	terprise	
		Fund		Fund	Totals
Assets:					
Current Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	118,302	\$	62,343	\$ 180,645
Accounts receivable, net		401			401
Inventory of donated food		7,802			 7,802
Total Current Assets		126,505		62,343	188,848
Noncurrent Assets:					
Machinery and equipment - local funds		119,891			119,891
Less accumulated depreciation		(118,625)			(118,625)
Total Noncurrent Assets		1,266			1,266
Total Assets	\$	127,771	\$	62,343	\$ 190,114
11.1.1111					
Liabilities:					
Current Liabilities:					
Accrued payroll expenses	\$		\$	8	\$ 8
Unearned revenue		10,514			 10,514
Total Current Liabilities		10,514		8	 10,522
Net Position:					
Net investment in capital assets		1,266			1,266
Unrestricted net position		115,991		62,335	178,326
		-,		- ,	
Total Net Position	\$	117,257	\$	62,335	\$ 179,592

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position – Proprietary Funds
June 30, 2022

Food Service Fund Other Enterprise Fund Totals Operating Revenue:		Enterprise Funds					
Fund Totals Operating Revenue: Tuition and Fees: 3 8,606 \$ 8,606 Day care 47,119 47,119 Food Sales: 33,234 33,234 Adult 7,272 7,272 Total Operating Revenue 40,506 55,725 96,231 Operating Expenses: Food Service: Salaries 5,693 44,080 49,773 Employee benefits 1,091 6,843 7,934 Purchased services 254,006 350 254,356 Supplies 5,907 304 6,211 Cost of sales - purchased 1,887 1,887 Cost of sales - donated 11,326 11,326 Other 3,796 3,796 Total Operating Expenses 283,706 51,702 335,408 Nonoperating Revenues/Expenses: 579 - 579 Federal grants 261,030		F	ood		Other		
Operating Revenue: Tuition and Fees: 5 \$ 8,606 \$ 8,606 Day care 47,119 47,119 Food Sales: Student 33,234 33,234 Adult 7,272 7,272 Total Operating Revenue 40,506 55,725 96,231 Operating Expenses: Food Service: Salaries 5,693 44,080 49,773 Employee benefits 1,091 6,843 7,934 Purchased services 254,006 350 254,356 Supplies 5,907 304 6,211 Cost of sales - purchased 1,887 1,887 Cost of sales - donated 11,326 11,326 Other 125 125 Depreciation 3,796 3,796 Total Operating Expenses 283,706 51,702 335,408 Nonoperating Revenues/Expenses: 579 579 Fed		Se	rvice	Ent	terprise		
Tuition and Fees: Driver's education fees \$ \$ 8,606 \$ 8,606 Day care 47,119 47,119 Food Sales: Student 33,234 33,234 Adult 7,272 7,272 Total Operating Revenue 40,506 55,725 96,231 Operating Expenses: Food Service: Salaries 5,693 44,080 49,773 Employee benefits 1,091 6,843 7,934 Purchased services 254,006 350 254,356 Supplies 5,907 304 6,211 Cost of sales - purchased 1,887 1,887 Cost of sales - donated 11,326 11,326 Other 125 125 Depreciation 3,796 3,796 Total Operating Expenses 283,706 51,702 335,408 Operating Income(Loss) (243,200) 4,023 (239,177) Nonoperating Revenues/Expenses: State grants 579 579 Federal grants 261,030 261,030 Donated food 11,326 11,326 Total Nonoperating Revenue/ (Expenses) Change in Net Position 29,735 4,023 33,758		F	und		Fund		Totals
Driver's education fees \$ \$ 8,606 \$ 8,606 Day care 47,119 47,119 Food Sales: 33,234 33,234 Adult 7,272 7,272 Total Operating Revenue 40,506 55,725 96,231 Operating Expenses: Food Service: Salaries 5,693 44,080 49,773 Employee benefits 1,091 6,843 7,934 Purchased services 254,006 350 254,356 Supplies 5,907 304 6,211 Cost of sales - purchased 1,887 1,887 Cost of sales - donated 11,326 11,326 Other 125 125 125 Depreciation 3,796 3,796 3,796 Total Operating Expenses 283,706 51,702 335,408 Nonoperating Revenues/Expenses: 579 579 Federal grants 261,030 <td>Operating Revenue:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Operating Revenue:						
Day care 47,119 47,119 Food Sales: 33,234 33,234 Adult 7,272 7,272 Total Operating Revenue 40,506 55,725 96,231 Operating Expenses: Food Service: Salaries 5,693 44,080 49,773 Employee benefits 1,091 6,843 7,934 Purchased services 254,006 350 254,356 Supplies 5,907 304 6,211 Cost of sales - purchased 1,887 1,887 Cost of sales - donated 11,326 11,326 Other 125 125 Depreciation 3,796 3,796 Total Operating Expenses 283,706 51,702 335,408 Operating Income(Loss) (243,200) 4,023 (239,177) Nonoperating Revenues/Expenses: 579 579 Federal grants 261,030 261,030	Tuition and Fees:						
Food Sales: Student	Driver's education fees	\$		\$	8,606	\$	8,606
Student 33,234 33,234 Adult 7,272 7,272 Total Operating Revenue 40,506 55,725 96,231 Operating Expenses: Food Services Salaries 5,693 44,080 49,773 Employee benefits 1,091 6,843 7,934 Purchased services 254,006 350 254,356 Supplies 5,907 304 6,211 Cost of sales - purchased 1,887 1,887 Cost of sales - donated 11,326 11,326 Other 125 125 125 Depreciation 3,796 3,796 Total Operating Expenses 283,706 51,702 335,408 Nonoperating Revenues/Expenses: State grants 579 579 Federal grants 261,030 261,030 Donated food 11,326 11,326 Total Nonoperating Revenue/ (Expenses) 272,935 272,935 Change in Net Posi	Day care				47,119		47,119
Adult 7,272 7,272 Total Operating Revenue 40,506 55,725 96,231 Operating Expenses: Food Service: Salaries 5,693 44,080 49,773 Employee benefits 1,091 6,843 7,934 Purchased services 254,006 350 254,356 Supplies 5,907 304 6,211 Cost of sales - purchased 1,887 1,887 Cost of sales - donated 11,326 11,326 Other 125 125 Depreciation 3,796 3,796 Total Operating Expenses 283,706 51,702 335,408 Nonoperating Revenues/Expenses: State grants 579 579 Federal grants 261,030 261,030 Donated food 11,326 11,326 Total Nonoperating Revenue/ (Expenses) 272,935 272,935	Food Sales:						
Operating Expenses: Food Service: S5,725 96,231 Food Service: Salaries 5,693 44,080 49,773 Employee benefits 1,091 6,843 7,934 Purchased services 254,006 350 254,356 Supplies 5,907 304 6,211 Cost of sales - purchased 1,887 1,887 Cost of sales - donated 11,326 11,326 Other 125 125 Depreciation 3,796 3,796 Total Operating Expenses 283,706 51,702 335,408 Operating Income(Loss) (243,200) 4,023 (239,177) Nonoperating Revenues/Expenses: State grants 579 579 Federal grants 261,030 261,030 Donated food 11,326 11,326 Total Nonoperating Revenue/ 272,935 272,935 (Expenses) Change in Net Position 29,735 4,023	Student		33,234				33,234
Operating Expenses: Food Service: 5,693 44,080 49,773 Employee benefits 1,091 6,843 7,934 Purchased services 254,006 350 254,356 Supplies 5,907 304 6,211 Cost of sales - purchased 1,887 1,887 Cost of sales - donated 11,326 11,326 Other 125 125 Depreciation 3,796 3,796 Total Operating Expenses 283,706 51,702 335,408 Operating Income(Loss) (243,200) 4,023 (239,177) Nonoperating Revenues/Expenses: 579 579 Federal grants 261,030 261,030 Donated food 11,326 11,326 Total Nonoperating Revenue/ (Expenses) 272,935 272,935 Change in Net Position 29,735 4,023 33,758	Adult		7,272				7,272
Food Service: Salaries 5,693 44,080 49,773 Employee benefits 1,091 6,843 7,934 Purchased services 254,006 350 254,356 Supplies 5,907 304 6,211 Cost of sales - purchased 1,887 1,887 Cost of sales - donated 11,326 11,326 Other 125 125 Depreciation 3,796 3,796 Total Operating Expenses 283,706 51,702 335,408 Operating Income(Loss) (243,200) 4,023 (239,177) Nonoperating Revenues/Expenses: State grants 579 579 Federal grants 261,030 261,030 Donated food 11,326 11,326 Total Nonoperating Revenue/ 272,935 272,935 (Expenses) Change in Net Position 29,735 4,023 33,758	Total Operating Revenue		40,506		55,725		96,231
Salaries 5,693 44,080 49,773 Employee benefits 1,091 6,843 7,934 Purchased services 254,006 350 254,356 Supplies 5,907 304 6,211 Cost of sales - purchased 1,887 1,887 Cost of sales - donated 11,326 11,326 Other 125 125 Depreciation 3,796 3,796 Total Operating Expenses 283,706 51,702 335,408 Operating Income(Loss) (243,200) 4,023 (239,177) Nonoperating Revenues/Expenses: 579 579 Federal grants 579 579 Federal grants 261,030 261,030 Donated food 11,326 11,326 Total Nonoperating Revenue/ (Expenses) 272,935 272,935 Change in Net Position 29,735 4,023 33,758	Operating Expenses:						
Employee benefits 1,091 6,843 7,934 Purchased services 254,006 350 254,356 Supplies 5,907 304 6,211 Cost of sales - purchased 1,887 1,887 Cost of sales - donated 11,326 11,326 Other 125 125 Depreciation 3,796 3,796 Total Operating Expenses 283,706 51,702 335,408 Operating Income(Loss) (243,200) 4,023 (239,177) Nonoperating Revenues/Expenses: 579 579 Federal grants 261,030 261,030 Donated food 11,326 11,326 Total Nonoperating Revenue/ 272,935 272,935 (Expenses) 29,735 4,023 33,758	Food Service:						
Purchased services 254,006 350 254,356 Supplies 5,907 304 6,211 Cost of sales - purchased 1,887 1,887 Cost of sales - donated 11,326 11,326 Other 125 125 Depreciation 3,796 3,796 Total Operating Expenses 283,706 51,702 335,408 Nonoperating Income(Loss) (243,200) 4,023 (239,177) Nonoperating Revenues/Expenses: State grants 579 579 Federal grants 261,030 261,030 Donated food 11,326 11,326 Total Nonoperating Revenue/ (Expenses) 272,935 272,935 (Expenses) Change in Net Position 29,735 4,023 33,758	Salaries		5,693		44,080		49,773
Supplies 5,907 304 6,211 Cost of sales - purchased 1,887 1,887 Cost of sales - donated 11,326 11,326 Other 125 125 Depreciation 3,796 3,796 Total Operating Expenses 283,706 51,702 335,408 Operating Income(Loss) (243,200) 4,023 (239,177) Nonoperating Revenues/Expenses: 579 579 Federal grants 261,030 261,030 Donated food 11,326 11,326 Total Nonoperating Revenue/ (Expenses) 272,935 272,935 (Expenses) Change in Net Position 29,735 4,023 33,758	Employee benefits		1,091		6,843		7,934
Cost of sales - purchased 1,887 1,887 Cost of sales - donated 11,326 11,326 Other 125 125 Depreciation 3,796 3,796 Total Operating Expenses 283,706 51,702 335,408 Operating Income(Loss) (243,200) 4,023 (239,177) Nonoperating Revenues/Expenses: 579 579 Federal grants 261,030 261,030 Donated food 11,326 11,326 Total Nonoperating Revenue/ (Expenses) 272,935 272,935 Change in Net Position 29,735 4,023 33,758	Purchased services		254,006		350		254,356
Cost of sales - donated 11,326 11,326 Other 125 125 Depreciation 3,796 3,796 Total Operating Expenses 283,706 51,702 335,408 Operating Income(Loss) (243,200) 4,023 (239,177) Nonoperating Revenues/Expenses: 579 579 Federal grants 261,030 261,030 Donated food 11,326 11,326 Total Nonoperating Revenue/ 272,935 272,935 (Expenses) Change in Net Position 29,735 4,023 33,758	Supplies		5,907		304		6,211
Other 125 125 Depreciation 3,796 3,796 Total Operating Expenses 283,706 51,702 335,408 Operating Income(Loss) (243,200) 4,023 (239,177) Nonoperating Revenues/Expenses: 579 579 Federal grants 261,030 261,030 Donated food 11,326 11,326 Total Nonoperating Revenue/ (Expenses) 272,935 272,935 Change in Net Position 29,735 4,023 33,758	Cost of sales - purchased		1,887				1,887
Depreciation 3,796 3,796 Total Operating Expenses 283,706 51,702 335,408 Operating Income(Loss) (243,200) 4,023 (239,177) Nonoperating Revenues/Expenses: 579 579 Federal grants 261,030 261,030 Donated food 11,326 11,326 Total Nonoperating Revenue/ (Expenses) 272,935 272,935 Change in Net Position 29,735 4,023 33,758	Cost of sales - donated		11,326				11,326
Total Operating Expenses 283,706 51,702 335,408 Operating Income(Loss) (243,200) 4,023 (239,177) Nonoperating Revenues/Expenses: 579 579 Federal grants 261,030 261,030 Donated food 11,326 11,326 Total Nonoperating Revenue/ (Expenses) 272,935 272,935 Change in Net Position 29,735 4,023 33,758	Other				125		125
Operating Income(Loss) (243,200) 4,023 (239,177) Nonoperating Revenues/Expenses: 579 579 State grants 261,030 261,030 Donated food 11,326 11,326 Total Nonoperating Revenue/ (Expenses) 272,935 272,935	Depreciation		3,796				3,796
Nonoperating Revenues/Expenses: State grants 579 579 Federal grants 261,030 261,030 Donated food 11,326 11,326 Total Nonoperating Revenue/ (Expenses) 272,935 272,935 Change in Net Position 29,735 4,023 33,758	Total Operating Expenses		283,706		51,702		335,408
State grants 579 579 Federal grants 261,030 261,030 Donated food 11,326 11,326 Total Nonoperating Revenue/ (Expenses) 272,935 272,935 Change in Net Position 29,735 4,023 33,758	Operating Income(Loss)	((243,200)		4,023		(239,177)
Federal grants 261,030 261,030 Donated food 11,326 11,326 Total Nonoperating Revenue/ (Expenses) 272,935 272,935 Change in Net Position 29,735 4,023 33,758	Nonoperating Revenues/Expenses:						
Donated food 11,326 11,326 Total Nonoperating Revenue/ (Expenses) 272,935 272,935 Change in Net Position 29,735 4,023 33,758	State grants		579				579
Total Nonoperating Revenue/ 272,935 272,935 (Expenses) Change in Net Position 29,735 4,023 33,758	Federal grants		261,030				261,030
(Expenses) Change in Net Position 29,735 4,023 33,758	Donated food		11,326				11,326
			272,935				272,935
Net Position - Beginning of Year 87,522 58,312 145,834	Change in Net Position		29,735		4,023		33,758
	Net Position - Beginning of Year		87,522		58,312		145,834
Net Position - End of Year \$ 117,257 \$ 62,335 \$ 179,592	Net Position - End of Year	\$		\$		\$	

Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds June 30, 2022

	Food Service Fund	Other Enterprise Fund	Totals
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:			
Cash receipts from customers	\$ 54,442	\$ 55,725	\$ 110,167
Cash payments to suppliers	(261,800)	(817)	(262,617)
Cash payments to employees	(6,784)	(51,114)	(57,898)
Net Cash (Used) by Operating Activities	(214,142)	3,794	(210,348)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:			
Cash reimbursements - state	579		579
Cash reimbursements - federal	261,030		261,030
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities	261,609		261,609
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents	47,467	3,794	51,261
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	70,835	58,549	129,384
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$ 118,302	\$ 62,343	\$ 180,645
Reconciliation of Operating (Loss) to Net Cash (Used) by Operating Activites			
Operating (Loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating (loss) to net cash (used) by operating activities:	\$ (243,200)	\$ 4,023	\$ (239,177)
Depreciation expense	3,796		3,796
Value of commodities used	11,326		11,326
Change in Assets and Liabilities:			
Accounts receivable	4,085		4,085
Deferred revenue	9,851		9,851
Accrued payroll expenses		(191)	(191)
Accounts payable		(38)	(38)
Net cash (used) by operating activities	\$ (214,142)	\$ 3,794	\$ (210,348)
Noncash Investing, Capital and Financing Activities			
Value of commodities received	\$ 11,326	\$	\$ 11,326

Statement of Net Position – Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2022

	Private -Purpose Trust Funds		ıstodial Funds
Assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	22,827	\$ 61,830
Investments-certificates of deposit		133,235	
Accounts receivable			25,071
Total Assets	\$	156,062	\$ 86,901
Liabilities:			
Amounts held for others	\$		\$ 86,901
Total liabilities	\$		\$ 86,901
Net Position: Restricted for:			
Non expendable	\$	98,000	
Individuals, organizations, and other governments		58,062	
Total Net Position	\$	156,062	

Statement of Changes in Net Position – Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2022

	Private-Purpose Trust Funds	
Additions:		
Contributions and donations	\$	9,909
Total Additions		9,909
Deductions: Trust deductions for scholarships awarded		16,978
Total Deductions		16,978
Change in Net Position		(7,069)
Net Position - Beginning of Year Net Position - End of Year	\$	163,131 156,062

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2022

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

The accounting policies of the School District conform to generally accepted accounting principles applicable to government entities in the United States of America.

a. Financial Reporting Entity:

The reporting entity of Viborg-Hurley School District No. 60-6, consists of the primary government (which includes all of the funds, organizations, institutions, agencies, departments, and offices that make up the legal entity, plus those funds for which the primary government has a fiduciary responsibility, even though those fiduciary funds may represent organizations that do not meet the criteria for inclusion in the financial reporting entity); those organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable; and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that their exclusion would cause the financial reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The School District participates in a cooperative service unit with several other School Districts. See detailed note entitled "Joint Ventures" for specific disclosures. Joint Ventures do not meet the criteria for inclusion in the financial reporting entity as a component unit but are discussed in these notes because of the nature of their relationship with the School District.

b. Basis of Presentation:

Government-Wide Financial Statements:

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the reporting entity as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the School District. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods and services.

The Statement of Net Position reports all financial and capital resources, in a net position form (assets and deferred outflows of resources minus liabilities and deferred inflows of resources equal net position). Net Position is displayed in three components, as applicable, net investment in capital assets, restricted (distinguishing between major categories of restrictions), and unrestricted.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the School District and for each function of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) charges paid by recipients of goods and services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2022

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements:

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the School District or it meets the following criteria:

- Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and
- 2) Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined, or
- 3) Management has elected to classify one or more governmental or enterprise funds as major for consistency in reporting from year to year, or because of public interest in the fund's operations.

The funds of the School District financial reporting entity are described below within their respective fund types:

Governmental Funds:

<u>General Fund</u> – A fund established by South Dakota Codified Laws (SDCL) 13-16-3 to meet all the general operational costs of the School District, excluding the capital outlay fund and special education fund expenditures. The General Fund is always a major fund.

<u>Special Revenue Fund</u> – Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Capital Outlay Fund – A fund established by SDCL 13-16-6 to meet expenditures which result in the lease of, acquisition of or additions to real property, plant or equipment, textbooks and instructional software. This fund is financed by property taxes. This is a major fund.

Special Education Fund – A fund established by SDCL 13-37-16 to pay the costs for the special education of all children in need of special assistance and prolonged assistance who reside within the School District. This fund is financed by grants and property taxes. This is a major fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2022

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

Proprietary Funds:

Enterprise Funds — Enterprise funds may be used to report any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods and services. Activities are required to be reported as enterprise funds if any one of the following criteria is met:

- The activity is financed with debt that is secured solely by a pledge of the net revenues from fees and charges of the activity. Debt that is secured by a pledge of net revenues from fees and charges and the full faith and credit of a related primary government or component unit—even if that government is not expected to make any payments—is not payable solely from fees and charges of the activity. (Some debt may be secured, in part, by a portion of its own proceeds but should be considered as payable "solely" from the revenues of the activity.)
- Laws or regulations require that the activity's costs of providing services, including capital costs (such as depreciation or debt service), be recovered with fees and charges, rather than with taxes or similar revenues.
- The pricing policies of the activity establish fees and charges designed to recover its costs, including capital costs (such as depreciation or debt service).

Food Service Fund – A fund used to record financial transactions related to food service operations. This fund is financed by user charges and grants. This is a major fund.

Other Enterprise Fund – A fund used to record financial transactions related to driver's education and daycare conducted for the benefit of the students. The fund is financed by use charges and grants. This is a major fund.

Fiduciary Funds:

Fiduciary Funds consist of the following sub-categories and are never considered to be major funds:

<u>Private-Purpose Trust Funds</u> – Private-purpose trust funds are used to account for all other trust arrangements under which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations, or other governments. The School District maintains only private-purpose trust funds for scholarships.

<u>Custodial Funds</u> – Custodial funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, investment trust funds, or private-purpose trust funds. The district maintains custodial funds to hold assets as an agent in a trustee capacity for various classes, clubs, and so on.

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2022

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

c. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting:

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "how" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements, regardless of the measurement focus.

Measurement Focus:

Government-Wide Financial Statements:

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus, applied on the accrual basis of accounting.

Fund Financial Statements:

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting are applied to governmental funds while the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting are applied to the proprietary and fiduciary fund types.

Basis of Accounting:

Government-Wide Financial Statements:

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental and business-type activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues and related assets generally are recorded when earned (usually when the right to receive cash vests); and expenses and related liabilities are recorded when an obligation is incurred (usually when the obligation to pay cash in the future vests).

Fund Financial Statements:

All governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Their revenues, including property taxes, generally are recognized when they become measurable and available. "Available" means resources are collected or to be collected soon enough after the end of the fiscal year that they can be used to pay the bills of the current period. The accrual period does not exceed one bill-paying cycle, and for the Viborg-Hurley School District 60-6, the length of that cycle is 60 days. The revenues which are accrued at June 30, 2022 are due from other governments for grants.

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2022

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, receivables may be measurable but not available. "Available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Unavailable revenues, where asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met, are reported as a deferred inflow of resources.

Expenditures generally are recognized when the related fund liability is incurred. Exceptions to this general rule include principal and interest on general long-term debt which are recognized when due.

All proprietary and fiduciary funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. Their revenues are recognized when they are earned, and their expenses are recognized when they are incurred.

d. Interfund Eliminations and Reclassifications:

Government-Wide Financial Statements:

In the process of aggregating data for the government-wide financial statements, some amounts reported as interfund activity and balances in the fund financial statements have been eliminated or reclassified, as follows:

1. In order to minimize the grossing-up effect on assets and liabilities within the governmental and business-type activities columns of the primary government, amounts reported as interfund receivables and payables have been eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns.

e. Deposits and Investments:

For the purpose of financial reporting, "cash and cash equivalents" includes all demand and savings accounts and certificates of deposit or short-term investments with a term to maturity at date of acquisition of three months or less. Investments in open-end mutual fund shares, or similar investments in external investment pools, are also considered to be cash equivalents.

Investments classified in the financial statements consist primarily of certificates of deposit whose term to maturity to date of acquisition exceeds three months, and/or those types of investment authorized by South Dakota Codified Law (SDCL) 4-5-6.

f. Capital Assets:

Capital assets include land, buildings, machinery and equipment, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period.

The accounting treatment over capital assets depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2022

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

Government-Wide Financial Statements:

All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets are valued at their acquisition value on the date donated. Reported cost values include ancillary charges necessary to place the asset into its intended location and condition for use. Subsequent to initial capitalization, improvements or betterments that are significant, and which extend the useful life of a capital asset are also capitalized.

The total June 30, 2022 balance of capital assets for governmental activities includes approximately less than four percent for which the costs were determined by estimates of the original costs. These estimated original costs were established by appraisals of deflated current replacement cost. The total June 30, 2022 balance of capital assets for business-type activities are all valued at original cost.

For governmental activities capital assets, construction-period interest is not capitalized, in accordance with USGAAP, while for capital assets used in business-type activities/proprietary fund's operations, construction period interest is not capitalized in accordance with USGAAP.

Depreciation/Amortization of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the government-wide Statement of Activities, except for that portion related to common use assets for which allocation would be unduly complex, and which is reported as Unallocated Depreciation, with net capital assets reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Accumulated depreciation is reported on the government-wide Statement of Net Position and on the proprietary fund's Statement of Net Position.

Capitalization thresholds (the dollar values above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts), depreciation methods and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the government-wide statements and proprietary funds are as follows:

	Capitalization Threshold		Depreciation Method	Estimated Useful Life
Land*		ALL	NA	NA
Buildings	\$	50,000	Straight-line	25-50 years
Improvements	\$	25,000	Straight-line	5-25 years
Machinery and Equipment	\$	5,000	Straight-line	2-10 years
Food Service Machinery and Equipment	\$	1,000	Straight-line	2-10 years

^{*}Land is an inexhaustible capital asset and is not depreciated.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2022

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements:

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital expenditures of the appropriate governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for on the accrual basis, the same as in the government-wide statements.

g. <u>Long-Term Liabilities</u>:

The accounting treatment of long-term liabilities depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

All long-term liabilities to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term liabilities primarily consist of direct borrowings and other post-employment benefits payable.

In the fund financial statements, debt proceeds are reported as revenues (other financing sources) and payments of principal and interest are reported as expenditures when they become due. The accounting for proprietary fund long-term debt is the accrual basis, the same in the fund statements as it is in the government-wide statements.

h. Program Revenues:

In the government-wide Statement of Activities, reported program revenues derive directly from the program itself or from parties other than the School District's taxpayers or citizenry, as a whole. Program revenues are classified into three categories, as follows:

- Charges for services These arise from charges to customers, applicants, or others who purchase, use or directly benefit from the goods, services, or privileges provided, or are otherwise directly affected by the services.
- Program-specific operating grants and contributions These arise from mandatory and voluntary nonexchange transactions with other governments, organizations, or individuals that are restricted for use in a particular program.
- Program-specific capital grants and contributions These arise from mandatory and voluntary nonexchange transactions with other governments, organizations, or individuals that are restricted for the acquisition of capital assets for use in a particular program.

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2022

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

i. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources:

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent consumption of net position that applies to a future period or periods. These items will not be recognized as an outflow of resources until the applicable future period.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent acquisitions of net position that applies to a future period or periods. These items will not be recognized as an inflow of resources until the applicable future period.

j. Proprietary Funds Revenue and Expense Classifications:

In the proprietary fund's Statement of Activities, revenues and expenses are classified in a manner consistent with how they are classified in the Statement of Cash Flows. That is, transactions for which related cash flows are reported as capital and related financing activities, noncapital financing activities, or investing activities are not reported as components of operating revenues or expenses.

k. Cash and Cash Equivalents:

The School District pools its cash resources for depositing and investing purposes. Accordingly, the enterprise funds have access to their cash resources on demand. Accordingly, all reported enterprise fund deposit and investment balances are considered to be cash equivalents for the purpose of the Statement of Cash Flows.

I. Equity Classifications:

Government-Wide Financial Statements:

Equity is classified as Net Position and is displayed in three components:

- 1. Net Investment in Capital Assets Consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation (if applicable) and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- 2. Restricted Net Position Consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by (a) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or (b) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. Unrestricted Net Position All other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2022

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements:

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance, and may distinguish between Nonspendable, Restricted, Committed, Assigned or Unassigned components. Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide financial statements. Fiduciary fund equity is reported as restricted net position.

m. Application of Net Position:

It is the School District's policy to first use restricted net position, prior to the use of unrestricted net position, when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

n. Fund Balance Classification Policies and Procedures:

In accordance with Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, the School District classifies governmental fund balances as follows:

- <u>Nonspendable</u> includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because it is not in spendable form or because of legal or contractual constraints.
- <u>Restricted</u> includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which are externally imposed by providers, such as creditors or amounts constrained due to constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- <u>Committed</u> includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government through formal action of the highest level of decision-making authority and does not lapse at year-end.
- <u>Assigned</u> includes fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted nor committed. Fund Balance may be assigned by the School Board.
- <u>Unassigned</u> includes positive fund balance within the General Fund which has not been classified within the above-mentioned categories and negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

The School District uses restricted amounts first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal documents/contracts that prohibit doing this, such as a grant agreement requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the Government would first use committed, then assigned, and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2022

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

The School District does not have a formal minimum fund balance policy.

Major Special Revenue Fund	Revenue Source
Capital Outlay Fund	Taxes
Special Education Fund	Taxes

o. <u>Pensions</u>:

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense (revenue), information about the fiduciary net position of the South Dakota Retirement System (SDRS) and additions to/deletions from SDRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by SDRS. School District contributions and net pension liability (asset) are recognized on an accrual basis of accounting.

2. Deposits and Investments, Credit Risk, Concentrations of Credit Risk and Interest Rate Risk:

The School District follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Various restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by statutes. These restrictions are summarized below:

Deposits – The School District's deposits are made in qualified public depositories as defined by SDCL 4-6A-1, 13-16-15, 13-16-15.1 and 13-16-18.1. Qualified depositories are required by SDCL 4-6A-3 to maintain at all times, segregated from their other assets, eligible collateral having a value equal to at least 100 percent of the public deposit accounts which exceed deposit insurance such as the FDIC and NCUA. In lieu of pledging eligible securities, a qualified public depository may furnish irrevocable standby letters of credit issued by federal home loan banks accompanied by written evidence of that bank's public debt rating which may not be less than "AA" or a qualified public depository may furnish a corporate surety bond of a corporation authorized to do business in South Dakota.

Investments – In general, SDCL 4-5-6 permits school funds to be invested in (a) securities of the United States and securities guaranteed by the United States government either directly or indirectly; or (b) repurchase agreements fully collateralized by securities described in (a) above; or in shares of an open-end, no-load fund administered by an investment company whose investments are in securities described in (a) above and repurchase agreements described in (b) above. Also, SDCL 4-5-9 requires that investments to be in the physical custody of the political subdivision or may be deposited in a safekeeping account with any bank or trust company designated by the political subdivision as its fiscal agent.

Credit Risk – State law limits eligible investments for the School District, as discussed above. The School District has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Concentration of Credit Risk – The School District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The school district does not have any investments with an external investment pool as of June 30, 2022.

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2022

2. Deposits and Investments, Credit Risk, Concentrations of Credit Risk and Interest Rate Risk: (Continued)

Interest Rate Risk – The School District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Assignment of Investment Income – State law allows income from deposits and investments to be credited to either the General Fund or the fund making the investment. The School District's policy is to credit all income from deposits and investments to the fund making the investment.

3. Receivables and Payables:

Receivables and payables are not aggregated in these financial statements. The School District expects all receivables to be collected within one year.

4. Inventory:

Inventory held for consumption is stated at cost.

Inventory for resale is valued at the lower of cost or market. The cost valuation method is the first in, first out method. Donated commodities are valued at estimated market value based on the USDA price list at date of receipt.

In the government-wide financial statements and in the enterprise fund financial statements, inventory items are initially recorded as assets and charged to expense in the various functions of government as they are consumed.

In the governmental fund financial statements, inventories consist of expendable supplies held for consumption. The cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time individual inventory items are consumed. Reported inventories are equally offset by Nonspendable Fund Balance which indicates that they do not constitute "available spendable resources" even though they are a component of net current assets. No material inventories were on hand at June 30, 2022.

5. Property Tax:

Property taxes are levied on or before each October 1, attach as an enforceable lien on property, and become due and payable as of the following January 1, and are payable in two installments on or before the following April 30 and October 31. The county bills and collects the School District's taxes and remits them to the School District.

School District property tax revenues are recognized to the extent that they are used to finance each year's appropriations. Revenue related to current year property taxes receivable which is not intended to be used to finance the current year's appropriations and therefore are not susceptible to accrual, has been reported as deferred revenue levied for future period in both the fund financial statements and government-wide financial statements. Additionally, in the fund financial statements, revenue from property taxes may be limited by any amount not collected during the current fiscal period or within the "availability period."

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2022

6. Changes in Capital Assets:

A summary of changes in capital assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 is as follows:

Governmental Activities:	6/30/2021 Balance	Increases Decreases		6/30/2022 Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 234,717	\$	\$	\$ 234,717
Total capital assets not being depreciated	234,717			234,717
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings	9,073,518			9,073,518
Improvements	216,734	255,685		472,419
Machinery & Equipment	1,209,884	115,916	44,996	1,280,804
Library Books	154,638			154,638
Total capital assets being depreciated	10,654,774	371,601	44,996	10,981,379
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	3,074,157	196,064		3,270,221
Improvements	191,335	28,673		220,008
Machinery & Equipment	727,930	119,064	40,996	805,998
Library Books	154,638			154,638
Total accumulated depreciation	4,148,060	343,801	40,996	4,450,865
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	6,506,714	27,800	4,000	6,530,514
Net Capital Assets	\$ 6,741,431	\$ 27,800	\$ 4,000	\$ 6,765,231
Depreciation expense was charged to functions as for	ollows:			
Instruction		\$	195,523	
Support services			141,496	
Co-curricular activities			6,782	
Total Depreciation Exper	nse	\$	343,801	

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2022

6. Changes in Capital Assets: (Continued)

	6,	/30/2021	In	creases	Dec	reases	6/	30/2022
Business-Type Activities:				_				
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Equipment	\$	119,891	\$		\$		\$	119,891
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Machinery and Equipment		114,829		3,796				118,625
Total capital assets, net	\$	5,062	\$	(3,796)	\$		\$	1,266

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

Business-type activities:

Food service \$ 3,796

7. Long-Term Liabilities:

A summary of the changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2022 is as follows:

	6,	/30/2021	In	crease	D	ecrease	6,	/30/2022	 ne Within
Governmental Activities:									
Other Liabilities:									
OPEB	\$	231,018	\$	41,394	\$	76,459	\$	195,953	\$ 195,953
Direct Borrowings		65,449				65,449			
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$	296,467	\$	41,394	\$	141,908	\$	195,953	\$ 195,953

Other post-employment benefits for governmental activities typically have been liquidated from the General Fund.

Debt payable at June 30, 2022 is comprised of the following:

Other Post Employment Benefits -

Payable from the fund to which payroll expenditures are charged \$ 195,953

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2022

8. Restricted Net Position:

Restricted Net Position for the year ended June 30, 2022 was as follows:

Purpose	Restricted By	Amount
Major Purposes:		
Capital Outlay	Law	\$ 1,976,839
Special Education	Law	1,597,502
SDRS Pension Purposes	Law	287,445
Total		\$ 3,861,786

9. Pension Plan:

Plan Information:

All employees, working more than 20 hours per week during the school year, participate in the South Dakota Retirement System (SDRS), a cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SDRS to provide retirement benefits for employees of the State of South Dakota and its political subdivisions. The SDRS provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits. The right to receive retirement benefits vests after three years of credited service. Authority for establishing, administering and amending plan provisions are found in SDCL 3-12. The SDRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained at http://sdrs.sd.gov/publications.aspx or by writing to the SDRS, P.O. Box 1098, Pierre, SD 57501-1098 or by calling (605)773-3731.

Benefits Provided:

SDRS has three different classes of employees, Class A general members, Class B public safety and judicial members, and Class C Cement Plant Retirement Fund members.

Members That were hired before July 1, 2017, are Foundation members. Class A Foundation members and Class B Foundations members who retire after age 65 with three years of contributory service are entitled to an unreduced annual retirement benefit. An unreduced annual retirement benefit is also available after age 55 for Class A Foundation members where the sum of age and credited service is equal to or after age 55 for Class B Foundation judicial members where the sum of age and credited service is equal to or greater than 80. Class B Foundation public safety members can retire with an unreduced annual retirement benefit after age 55 with three years of contributory service. An unreduced annual retirement benefit is also available after age 45 for Class B Foundation public safety members where the sum of age and credited service is equal to or greater than 75. All Foundation retirements that do not meet the above criteria may be payable at a reduced level.

Members that were hired on/after July 1, 2017, are Generational members. Class A Generational members and Class B Generational judicial members who retire after age 67 with three years of contributory service are entitled to an unreduced annual retirement benefit. Class B Generational public safety members can retire with an unreduced annual retirement benefit after age 57 with three years of contributory service.

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2022

9. Pension Plan: (Continued)

At retirement, married Generational members may elect a single-life benefit, a 60 percent joint and survivor benefit, or a 100 percent joint and survivor benefit. All Generational retirement benefits that do not meet the above criteria may be payable at a reduced level. Generational members will also have a variable retirement account (VRA) established, in which they will receive up to 1.5 percent of compensation funded by part of the employer contribution. VRAs will receive investment earning based on investment returns.

Legislation enacted in 2017 established the current COLA process. At each valuation date:

- Baseline actuarial accrued liabilities will be calculated assuming the COLA is equal to long-term inflation assumption of 2.25%.
- If the fair value of assets is greater or equal to the baseline actuarial accrued liabilities, the COLA will be:
 - The increase in the 3rd quarter CPI-W, no less than 0.5% and no greater than 3.5%.
- If the fair value of assets is less than the baseline actuarial accrued liabilities, the COLA will be:
 - The increase in the 3rd quarter CPI-W, no less than 0.5% and no greater than a restricted maximum such that, that if the restricted maximum is assumed for future COLAs, the fair value of assets will be greater or equal to the accrued liabilities.

All benefits except those depending on the Member's Accumulated Contributions are annually increased by the Cost-of-Living Adjustments.

Contributions:

Per SDCL 3-12, contribution requirements of the active employees and participating employers are established and may be amended by the SDRS Board. Covered employees are required by state statute to contribute the following percentages of their salary to the plan; Class A Members, 6.0% of salary; Class B Judicial Members, 9.0% of salary; and Class B Public Safety Members, 8.0% of salary. State statute also requires the employer to contribute an amount equal to the employee's contribution. State statute also requires the employer to make an additional contribution in the amount of 6.2% for any compensation exceeding the maximum taxable amount for social security for general employees only. The School District's share of contributions to the SDRS for the years ended June 30, 2022, 2021 and 2020, equal to required contributions each year, were as follows:

Year	 Amount			
2022	\$ 125,972			
2021	\$ 119,109			
2020	\$ 120,255			

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2022

9. Pension Plan: (Continued)

<u>Pension Liabilities (Assets), Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources to Pensions:</u>

At June 30, 2021, SDRS is 105.52% funded and accordingly has a net pension asset. The proportionate shares of the components of the net pension asset of South Dakota Retirement System, for the School District as of June 30, 2022 are as follows:

Proportionate share of pension liability	\$ 12,208,091
Less proportionate share of net pension restricted for pension	 12,882,334
Proportionate share of net pension (asset)	\$ (674,243)

At June 30, 2022, the School District reported an asset of (\$674,243) for its proportionate share of the net pension (asset). The net pension (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2021 and the total pension (asset) used to calculate the net pension liability (asset) was based on a projection of the School District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. At June 30, 2021, the School District's proportion was 0.08804100%, which is a decrease of -0.0032810% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the School District reduction of pension expense of \$(191,465) At June 30, 2022, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows resources related to pension from the following sources:

	_	eferred tflows of	Deferred Inflows of		
	Re	sources	Resources		
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	24,207	\$	1,768	
Changes in assumption		775,373		337,651	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments				963,170	
Changes in proportion and difference between district				303,170	
contributions and proportionate share of contributions				9,759	
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		125,972			
Total	\$	925,552	\$	1,312,348	

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2022

9. Pension Plan: (Continued)

\$125,972 reported as deferred outflow of resources related to pensions resulting from School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense (revenue) as follows:

Year Ended		
June 30,		
2023	\$	(129,821)
2024		(87,647)
2025		(24,334)
2026		(270,966)
Total	\$	(512,768)

Actuarial Assumptions:

The total pension liability (asset) in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.25%

Salary Increases Graded by years of service, 6.50% at entry to 3.00% after 25 years of service Discount 6.50% net of plan investment expense. This is composed of an average

inflation rate of 2.25% and real returns of 4.25%

Future COLAs 2.25%

Mortality rates were based on 97% of the RP-2014 Mortality Table, adjusted to 2006 projected generationally with Scale MP-2016, white collar rates for females and total dataset rates for males. Mortality rates for disabled members were based on the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table, adjusted to 2006 and projected generationally with Scale MP-2016.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period of July 1, 2011, to June 30, 2016.

Investment portfolio management is the statutory responsibility of the South Dakota Investment Council (SDIC), which may utilize the services of external money managers for management of a portion of the portfolio. SDIC is governed by the Prudent Man Rule (i.e., the council should use the same degree of care as a prudent man). Current SDIC investment policies dictate limits on the percentage of assets invested in various types of vehicles (equities, fixed income securities, real estate, cash, private equity, etc.). The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2022

9. Pension Plan: (Continued)

Best estimates of real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2021 (see the discussion of the pension plan's investment policy) are summarized in the following table using geometric means:

	Target	Long-term Expected Real
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Rate of Return
Global equity	58.0%	4.3%
Fixed income	30.0%	1.6%
Real estate	10.0%	4.6%
Cash	2.0%	0.9%
Total	100.0%	

Discount Rate:

The discount rate used to measure the total pension (asset) was 6.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that matching employer contributions from will be made at rates equal to the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability(asset).

Sensitivity of Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate:

The following presents the School District's proportionate share of net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 6.50%, as well as what the School's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (5.50%) or 1-percentage point higher (7.50%) than the current rate:

	Current						
	1% Decrease	Discount	1% Increase				
District's proportionate share of							
net pension (asset)	\$ 1,091,768	\$ (674,243)	\$ (2,107,833)				

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position:

Detailed information about the plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued SDRS financial report.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2022

10. Postemployment Medical Plan:

Plan Description: Viborg-Hurley School District has a pooled defined benefit medical plan administered by either Sanford Health of South Dakota or DakotaCare. The plan provides medical a prescription drug insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses. After eligibility for retiree benefits is established, retirees must pay premiums until they are eligible for Medicare. SDCL 6-1-16 specifically allows any School District to provide health insurance for retiring employees and their immediate families. The liability exists because of an implicit subsidy of costs of the benefits to retirees of the district. The Plan issues a publicly available actuarial report that includes required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the Viborg-Hurley School District, PO Box 397, Viborg, SD 57070.

Funding Policy: The district funds the postemployment benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis. Because the district does not use a trust fund to administer the financing of other postemployment benefits, no separate financial statements are required.

Employees covered by benefit terms: At June 30, 2022, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Retirees currently receiving benefit payments	1
Active employees	32
	33

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions: Where consistent with the terms of the plan, actuarial assumptions have utilized the assumptions for the South Dakota Retirement System (SDRS) as provided in the June 30, 2021 Actuarial Valuation Report. See Note 9 – Pension Note.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability:

Beginning of Year Balances	\$	231,018
Service Cost		35,711
Interest		5,683
Effect on economic/demographic gains or losses	6	(40,651)
Effect on assumptions, changes or inputs		(16,585)
Benefit payments		(19,223)
End of Year Balances	\$	195,953

Sensitivity of liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate:

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower of 1 percentage point higher than the current ratio of 2.16%.

		Current					
		1% Decrease		ount Rate	1% Increase		
Total OPEB Liability	\$	171,576	\$	195,953	\$	224,995	

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2022

10. Postemployment Medical Plan: (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the School District recognized OPEB expense of \$34,814. At June 30, 2022, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows o	
	of Resources		Re	esources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	9,365	\$	(35,880)
Changes in assumptions		9,409		(26,285)
	\$	18,774	\$	(62,165)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense (revenue) as follows:

Year Ended	
June 30,	
2023	\$ (6,580)
2024	(6,580)
2025	(5,675)
2026	(5,077)
2027	(4,991)
Thereafter	 (14,488)
Total	\$ (43,391)

11. Joint Ventures:

The school district participates I the Southeast Area Cooperative, a cooperative service unit (co-op) formed for the purpose of providing public support services to the member school districts.

The members of the co-op and their relative percentage participation in the co-op are as follows:

District	%
Alcester-Hudson	10.15%
Beresford	21.73%
Canton	26.56%
Elk Point-Jefferson	21.21%
Irene-Wakonda	8.83%
Viborg-Hurley	11.52%

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2022

11. Joint Ventures: (Continued)

The co-op's governing board is composed of one school board member representative from each member school district. The board is responsible for adopting the co-op's budget and setting service fees at a level adequate to fund the adopted budget. The school district retains no equity in the net position of the co-op but does have a responsibility to fund deficits of the co-op in proportion to the relative participation described above. Separate financial statements for this joint venture are available from the Southeast Area Cooperative.

At June 30, 2022, the joint venture had:

	June 30, 2022			
Assets	\$	1,579,455		
Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	556,206		
Liabilities	\$	222,767		
Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	782,228		
Net Position	Ś	1.130.666		

12. Risk Management:

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During the period ended June 30, 2022, the School District managed its risks as follows:

Employee Health Insurance:

The School District joined the Northern Plains Insurance Pool. This is a Joint Power Authority, authorized by SDCL. To be eligible for membership, an applicant must be a governmental unit and a member of the pool. The objective of the pool is to formulate, develop, and administer on behalf of the member organizations, a program of health coverage through pooling risks, self-insurance and joint purchases of insurance.

The pool's contract with its members requires that the members meet an annual participation requirement of seventy five percent of total eligible employees as defined by the benefits plan or plans. A member may voluntarily terminate participation in a plan funded through the pool effective as the close of any plan year following completion of the member's initial participation period as defined by the Joint Powers Agreement.

The School District pays a monthly premium to the pool to provide health insurance coverage for its employees. The coverage offered is on the occurrence basis which provides for the payment of claims that occur during the period of coverage regardless of when the claim is reported.

Liability Insurance:

The School District purchases liability insurance for risks related to torts, theft, or damage to property, and errors and omissions of public officials from a commercial carrier. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the liability coverage during the past three years.

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2022

12. Risk Management: (Continued)

Workers' Compensation:

The School District purchases liability insurance for worker's compensation from a commercial carrier. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the liability coverage the past three years.

Unemployment Benefits:

The School has elected to be self-insured and retain all risk for liabilities resulting from claims for unemployment benefits.

During the year ended June 30, 2022, there were no claims for unemployment benefits. At June 30, 2022, no claims are pending.

13. Significant Contingencies – Litigation:

At June 30, 2022, the School District was not involved in any litigation.

Required Supplementary Information

Required Supplementary Information – Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund – Budgetary Basis June 30, 2022

	Budgete	ed Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final			
Revenues					
Revenue from Local Sources:					
Taxes:					
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 973,147	\$ 973,147	\$ 993,664	\$ 20,517	
Prior years' ad valorem taxes	5,000	5,000	6,864	1,864	
Utility taxes	133,447	133,447	248,062	114,615	
Penalties and interest on taxes	1,600	1,600	2,386	786	
Tuitions and Fees:					
Earnings on investments and deposits	22,500	22,500	16,272	(6,228)	
Cocurricular Activities:					
Admissions	20,000	20,000	22,101	2,101	
Other Revenue from Local Sources:					
Rentals	4,000	•	4,400	400	
Contributions and donations	5,500	•	4,851	(649)	
Charges for services Other	850 3,800		1,120 53,645	270 49,845	
Revenue from Intermediate Sources:	3,000	3,000	33,043	45,045	
County sources:					
County apportionment	18,000	18,000	49,522	31,522	
Revenue in lieu of taxes	10,000	10,000	1,033	1,033	
Revenue from State Sources:			1,033	1,033	
Grants-in-Aid:					
Unrestricted grants-in-aid	1,417,028	1,417,028	1,628,001	210,973	
Restricted grants-in-aid	6,000		4,807	(1,193)	
Other state revenues	1,500	•	11,482	9,982	
Revenue from Federal Sources:	1,500	1,300	11,402	9,982	
Grants-in-Aid:					
Restricted grants-in-aid received from	07.000	07.000	122.062	24.074	
federal government through the state	87,989	87,989	122,863	34,874	
Total Revenues	\$ 2,700,361	\$ 2,700,361	\$ 3,171,073	\$ 470,712	

Required Supplementary Information – Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund – Budgetary Basis June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Page		pd			0 stored	Variance with Final Budget		
Instructional Services: Regular programs Services: Service					Actual	Positive		
Negura N	Expenditures	Origina	<u> </u>	Finai	Amounts	(Negative)		
Regular programs Elementary \$ 504,883 \$ 504,883 \$ 459,801 \$ 44,682 Middle/Junior high 374,348 529,889 529,891 (2) High school 427,393 440,350 440,352 (2) Preschool 71,861 71,861 67,236 4,625 Special programs: Educationally deprived - 84,074 84,074 - Support Services: Students: Students: Students: Students: 84,074 - - Guidance 67,667 72,150 72,152 (2) 1 1,677 1,677 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -								
Elementary \$ 504,483 \$ 504,483 \$ 459,801 \$ 446,682 Middle/Junior high 374,348 529,889 529,891 (2) Preschool 71,861 71,861 67,236 4,625 Special programs: ************************************								
Middle/junior high 374,348 529,889 529,891 (2) High school 427,393 440,350 440,352 (2) Preschool 71,861 71,861 67,236 4,625 Special programs: Educationally deprived - 84,074 84,074 - Support Services: Students: - 84,074 84,074 - Support Services: Students: - 84,074 84,074 - Support Services: Students: - 875 875 - Guidance 67,667 72,150 72,152 (2) 1 1 1,677 1,677 - - - - 1 1,677 1,677 - - - - - 1,677 1,677 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -								
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Preschool 71,861 71,861 67,236 4,625 Special programs: Educationally deprived - 84,074 84,074 - Support Services: Students: Students: - 1,677 1,677 - - Guidance 67,667 72,150 72,152 (2) - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - <td>_</td> <td>•</td> <td></td> <td>*</td> <td>•</td> <td></td>	_	•		*	•			
Special programs: Educationally deprived	_	•		*	•			
Educationally deprived		71,8	861	71,861	67,236	4,625		
Support Services: Students: Coldiance 67,667 72,150 72,152 (2) Guidance 67,667 72,150 72,152 (2) Health 1,677 1,677 Psychological 875 875 Instructional Staff: 875 875 Educational Media 145,418 155,484 154,911 573 General Administration: 879,901 23,592 6,309 Executive administration: 191,659 194,910 194,912 (2) School Administration: 191,659 194,910 194,912 (2) School Administration: 111,000 194,912 20,309 20,399 123,541 2,836 Other 11 122 (111 111 122 (111 111 122 (111 111 122 (111 123,541 2,836 00,464 6,136 00,464 6,136	Special programs:							
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Guidance 67,667 72,150 72,152 (2) Health 1,677 1,677 Psychological 875 875 Instructional Staff: Educational media 145,418 155,484 154,911 573 General Administration: Teacutive administration: 16,700 29,901 23,592 6,309 Executive administration 191,659 194,910 194,912 (2) School Administration: 0ffice of the principal 125,826 126,377 123,541 2,836 Other - 11 122 (111) Business: 111,000 111,000 104,864 6,136 Operation and maintenance of plant 520,276 524,276 493,998 30,278 Student transportation 120,301 201,590 201,589 1 Courricular Activities: 83,608 83,608 47,791 35,817 Female activities 85,815 89,315 89,315 88,842 </td <td>Support Services:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Support Services:							
Health	Students:							
Psychological 875 875 Instructional Staff: Educational media 145,418 155,484 154,911 573 General Administration: 36,009 29,901 23,592 6,309 Executive administration 191,659 194,910 194,912 (2) School Administration: 0ffice of the principal 125,826 126,377 123,541 2,836 Other - 11 122 (111) Business: 111,000 111,000 104,864 6,136 Operation and maintenance of plant 520,276 524,276 493,998 30,278 Student transportation 120,301 201,590 201,589 1 Cocurricular Activities: 83,608 83,608 47,791 35,817 Female activities 83,608 83,608 47,791 35,817 Female activities 89,315 89,315 88,842 473 Total Expenditures 2,916,369 3,290,449 3,154,821 135,628 <tr< td=""><td>Guidance</td><td>67,6</td><td>67</td><td>72,150</td><td>72,152</td><td>(2)</td></tr<>	Guidance	67,6	67	72,150	72,152	(2)		
Instructional Staff: Educational media 145,418 155,484 154,911 573 378 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379 379	Health			1,677	1,677			
Educational media 145,418 155,484 154,911 573 General Administration: Board of education 16,700 29,901 23,592 6,309 Executive administration 191,659 194,910 194,912 (2) School Administration: USG Office of the principal 125,826 126,377 123,541 2,836 Other 11 122 (111) Business: Fiscal services 111,000 111,000 104,864 6,136 Operation and maintenance of plant 520,276 524,276 493,998 30,278 Student transportation 120,301 201,590 201,589 1 Cocurricular Activities 83,608 83,608 47,791 35,817 Female activities 66,514 66,514 62,496 4,018 Transportation 2,104 2,105 (1) Combined activities 89,315 89,315 88,842 473 Total Expenditures 2,916,369	Psychological			875	875			
General Administration: Board of education 16,700 29,901 23,592 6,309 Executive administration 191,659 194,910 194,912 (2) School Administration: Use of the principal of t	Instructional Staff:							
Board of education 16,700 29,901 23,592 6,309 Executive administration 191,659 194,910 194,912 (2) School Administration: Office of the principal 125,826 126,377 123,541 2,836 Other 11 122 (111) Business: Fiscal services 111,000 111,000 104,864 6,336 Operation and maintenance of plant 520,276 524,276 493,998 30,278 Student transportation 120,301 201,590 201,589 1 Cocurricular Activities: Male activities 83,608 83,608 47,791 35,817 Female activities 83,608 83,608 47,791 35,817 Female activities 89,315 89,315 88,842 473 Total Expenditures 2,916,369 3,290,449 3,154,821 135,628 Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures (216,008) (590,088) 16,252 606,340 Other Financing Sources:	Educational media	145,4	18	155,484	154,911	573		
Executive administration 191,659 194,910 194,912 (2) School Administration: Office of the principal 125,826 126,377 123,541 2,836 Other - - 11 122 (111) Business: Fiscal services 111,000 111,000 104,864 6,136 Operation and maintenance of plant 520,276 524,276 493,998 30,278 Student transportation 120,301 201,590 201,589 1 Cocurricular Activities: Male activities 83,608 83,608 47,791 35,817 Female activities 66,514 66,514 66,514 62,496 4,018 Transportation - 2,104 2,105 (1) Combined activities 89,315 89,315 88,842 473 Total Expenditures 2,916,369 3,290,449 3,154,821 135,628 Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures (216,008) (590,088) 16,252 606,340 Other Financing Sources: 220,000 220,000 - (220,000)	General Administration:							
School Administration: Use of the principal of the	Board of education	16,7	'00	29,901	23,592	6,309		
School Administration: Office of the principal 125,826 126,377 123,541 2,836 Other - 11 122 (111) Business: Fiscal services 111,000 111,000 104,864 6,136 Operation and maintenance of plant 520,276 524,276 493,998 30,278 Student transportation 120,301 201,590 201,589 1 Courricular Activities: 83,608 83,608 47,791 35,817 Female activities 83,608 83,608 47,791 35,817 Female activities 66,514 66,514 62,496 4,018 Transportation - 2,104 2,105 (1) Combined activities 89,315 89,315 88,842 473 Total Expenditures 2,916,369 3,290,449 3,154,821 135,628 Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures (216,008) (590,088) 16,252 606,340 Other Financing Sources: 220,000	Executive administration	191,6	559	194,910		(2)		
Other 11 122 (111) Business: Fiscal services 111,000 111,000 104,864 6,136 Operation and maintenance of plant 520,276 524,276 493,998 30,278 Student transportation 120,301 201,590 201,589 1 Cocurricular Activities: Male activities 83,608 83,608 47,791 35,817 Female activities 66,514 66,514 62,496 4,018 Transportation 2,104 2,105 (1) Combined activities 89,315 89,315 88,842 473 Total Expenditures 2,916,369 3,290,449 3,154,821 135,628 Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures (216,008) (590,088) 16,252 606,340 Other Financing Sources: Operating transfers in 220,000 220,000 (220,000) Total Other Financing Sources: 220,000 220,000 (220,000) Net C	School Administration:	•		•	•	, ,		
Other 11 122 (111) Business: Fiscal services 111,000 111,000 104,864 6,136 Operation and maintenance of plant 520,276 524,276 493,998 30,278 Student transportation 120,301 201,590 201,589 1 Cocurricular Activities: Male activities 83,608 83,608 47,791 35,817 Female activities 66,514 66,514 62,496 4,018 Transportation 2,104 2,105 (1) Combined activities 89,315 89,315 88,842 473 Total Expenditures 2,916,369 3,290,449 3,154,821 135,628 Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures (216,008) (590,088) 16,252 606,340 Other Financing Sources: Operating transfers in 220,000 220,000 (220,000) Total Other Financing Sources: 220,000 220,000 (220,000) Net C	Office of the principal	125.8	326	126.377	123.541	2.836		
Business: Fiscal services 111,000 111,000 104,864 6,136 Operation and maintenance of plant 520,276 524,276 493,998 30,278 Student transportation 120,301 201,590 201,589 1 Cocurricular Activities: Wale activities: Male activities 83,608 83,608 47,791 35,817 Female activities 66,514 66,514 62,496 4,018 Transportation 2,104 2,105 (1) Combined activities 89,315 89,315 88,842 473 Total Expenditures 2,916,369 3,290,449 3,154,821 135,628 Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures (216,008) (590,088) 16,252 606,340 Other Financing Sources: Operating transfers in 220,000 220,000 (220,000) Total Other Financing Sources: 220,000 220,000 (220,000) Net Change in Fund Balances 3,992 <td></td> <td>•</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>•</td> <td>· ·</td>		•			•	· ·		
Fiscal services 111,000 111,000 104,864 6,136 Operation and maintenance of plant 520,276 524,276 493,998 30,278 Student transportation 120,301 201,590 201,589 1 Cocurricular Activities: 83,608 83,608 47,791 35,817 Male activities 66,514 66,514 62,496 4,018 Transportation 2,104 2,105 (1) Combined activities 89,315 89,315 88,842 473 Total Expenditures 2,916,369 3,290,449 3,154,821 135,628 Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures (216,008) (590,088) 16,252 606,340 Other Financing Sources: Operating transfers in 220,000 220,000 (220,000) Total Other Financing Sources: 220,000 220,000 (220,000) Net Change in Fund Balances 3,992 (370,088) 16,252 386,340	Business:					,		
Operation and maintenance of plant 520,276 524,276 493,998 30,278 Student transportation 120,301 201,590 201,589 1 Cocurricular Activities: Male activities 83,608 83,608 47,791 35,817 Female activities 66,514 66,514 62,496 4,018 Transportation 2,104 2,105 (1) Combined activities 89,315 89,315 88,842 473 Total Expenditures 2,916,369 3,290,449 3,154,821 135,628 Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures (216,008) (590,088) 16,252 606,340 Operating transfers in 220,000 220,000 (220,000) Total Other Financing Sources: 220,000 220,000 (220,000) Net Change in Fund Balances 3,992 (370,088) 16,252 386,340		111.0	000	111.000	104.864	6.136		
Student transportation 120,301 201,590 201,589 1 Cocurricular Activities: 83,608 83,608 47,791 35,817 Male activities 83,608 83,608 47,791 35,817 Female activities 66,514 66,514 62,496 4,018 Transportation 2,104 2,105 (1) Combined activities 89,315 89,315 88,842 473 Total Expenditures 2,916,369 3,290,449 3,154,821 135,628 Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures (216,008) (590,088) 16,252 606,340 Other Financing Sources: 220,000 220,000 (220,000) Total Other Financing Sources: 220,000 220,000 (220,000) Net Change in Fund Balances 3,992 (370,088) 16,252 386,340								
Cocurricular Activities: Male activities 83,608 83,608 47,791 35,817 Female activities 66,514 66,514 62,496 4,018 Transportation 2,104 2,105 (1) Combined activities 89,315 89,315 88,842 473 Total Expenditures 2,916,369 3,290,449 3,154,821 135,628 Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures (216,008) (590,088) 16,252 606,340 Other Financing Sources: Operating transfers in 220,000 220,000 (220,000) Total Other Financing Sources: 220,000 220,000 (220,000) Net Change in Fund Balances 3,992 (370,088) 16,252 386,340	•			*	•	,		
Male activities 83,608 83,608 47,791 35,817 Female activities 66,514 66,514 62,496 4,018 Transportation 2,104 2,105 (1) Combined activities 89,315 89,315 88,842 473 Total Expenditures 2,916,369 3,290,449 3,154,821 135,628 Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures (216,008) (590,088) 16,252 606,340 Other Financing Sources: 220,000 220,000 (220,000) Total Other Financing Sources: 220,000 220,000 (220,000) Net Change in Fund Balances 3,992 (370,088) 16,252 386,340	•	120,0	.01	201,330	201,303	-		
Female activities 66,514 66,514 62,496 4,018 Transportation 2,104 2,105 (1) Combined activities 89,315 89,315 88,842 473 Total Expenditures 2,916,369 3,290,449 3,154,821 135,628 Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures (216,008) (590,088) 16,252 606,340 Other Financing Sources: Operating transfers in 220,000 220,000 (220,000) Total Other Financing Sources: 220,000 220,000 (220,000) Net Change in Fund Balances 3,992 (370,088) 16,252 386,340		83.6	508	83 608	47 791	35 817		
Transportation 2,104 2,105 (1) Combined activities 89,315 89,315 88,842 473 Total Expenditures 2,916,369 3,290,449 3,154,821 135,628 Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures (216,008) (590,088) 16,252 606,340 Other Financing Sources: Operating transfers in 220,000 220,000 (220,000) Total Other Financing Sources: 220,000 220,000 (220,000) Net Change in Fund Balances 3,992 (370,088) 16,252 386,340					•			
Combined activities 89,315 89,315 88,842 473 Total Expenditures 2,916,369 3,290,449 3,154,821 135,628 Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures (216,008) (590,088) 16,252 606,340 Other Financing Sources: 220,000 220,000 (220,000) Total Other Financing Sources: 220,000 220,000 (220,000) Net Change in Fund Balances 3,992 (370,088) 16,252 386,340		00,5						
Total Expenditures 2,916,369 3,290,449 3,154,821 135,628 Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures (216,008) (590,088) 16,252 606,340 Other Financing Sources: Operating transfers in 220,000 220,000 (220,000) Total Other Financing Sources: 220,000 220,000 (220,000) Net Change in Fund Balances 3,992 (370,088) 16,252 386,340	•	80 3	115	•				
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures (216,008) (590,088) 16,252 606,340 Other Financing Sources: Operating transfers in Total Other Financing Sources: 220,000 220,000 (220,000) Total Other Financing Sources: 220,000 220,000 (220,000) Net Change in Fund Balances 3,992 (370,088) 16,252 386,340								
Other Financing Sources: Operating transfers in Total Other Financing Sources: 220,000 (220,000) (220,000) Net Change in Fund Balances 3,992 (370,088) 16,252 (386,340)	Total Experialtures	2,910,5		3,230,443	3,134,821	133,028		
Operating transfers in Total Other Financing Sources: 220,000 220,000 220,000 (220,000) (220,000) Net Change in Fund Balances 3,992 (370,088) 16,252 386,340	Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	(216,0	08)	(590,088)	16,252	606,340		
Total Other Financing Sources: 220,000 220,000 (220,000) Net Change in Fund Balances 3,992 (370,088) 16,252 386,340	Other Financing Sources:							
Net Change in Fund Balances 3,992 (370,088) 16,252 386,340	Operating transfers in	220,0	000	220,000		(220,000)		
	Total Other Financing Sources:	220,0	000	220,000		(220,000)		
Fund Palance Paringing of Very 1120 202 1120 202 1120 202	Net Change in Fund Balances	3,9	92	(370,088)	16,252	386,340		
	Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	1,136,2		1,136,282	1,136,282			
Fund Balance, End of Year \$ 1,140,274 \$ 766,194 \$ 1,152,534 \$ 386,340	Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 1,140,2	74 \$	766,194	\$ 1,152,534	\$ 386,340		

The accompanying Notes to Required Supplementary Information are an integral part of these financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information – Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Capital Outlay Fund – Budgetary Basis
June 30, 2022

				Variance with Final Budget		
	Budgeted	d Amounts	Actual	Positive		
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)		
Revenues						
Revenue from Local Sources:						
Taxes:						
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 900,000	\$ 900,000	\$ 903,194	\$ 3,194		
Prior years' ad valorem taxes	2,500	2,500	4,095	1,595		
Penalties and interest on taxes	1,000	1,000	1,673	673		
Other Revenue from Local Sources:						
Other			23,898	23,898		
Revenue from Federal Sources:						
Grants-in-Aid:						
Restricted grants-in-aid received from federa	I					
government through the state			112,000	112,000		
Total Revenues	903,500	903,500	1,044,860	141,360		
Expenditures						
Instructional Services:						
Regular Programs:						
Elementary	82,000	82,000	112,774	(30,774		
Middle/junior high	48,000	48,000	41,666	6,334		
High school	38,000	38,000	60,046	(22,046		
Support Services:	38,000	38,000	00,040	(22,040		
Instructional Staff:						
Educational media	80,000	80,000	12,305	67,695		
Business:	80,000	80,000	12,303	07,093		
Fiscal Services			1,626	(1,626		
Facilities acquisition and construction	50,000	50,000	12,836	37,164		
	•	740,500	414,066			
Operation and maintenance of plant	740,500 90,000	90,000	414,000	326,434 90,000		
Student transportation Food services	90,000	90,000		•		
			13,457	(13,457		
Debt Services:			6,898	(6,898		
Cocurricular Activities:	1 000	1 000	11 520	/0.720		
Male activities	1,800	1,800	11,539	(9,739		
Female activities	4 420 200	4 420 200	3,136	(3,136		
Total Expenditures	1,130,300	1,130,300	690,349	439,951		
Excess of Revenue Over (Under)						
Expenditures	(226,800)	(226,800)	354,511	581,311		
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers out	(220,000)	(220,000)		220,000		
Sale of surplus property	1,000	1,000	5,500	4,500		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(219,000)	(219,000)	5,500	224,500		
Net Change in Fund Balances	(445,800)	(445,800)	360,011	805,811		
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	1,595,188	1,595,188	1,595,188			
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 1,149,388	\$ 1,149,388	\$ 1,955,199	\$ 805,811		

The accompanying Notes to Required Supplementary Information are an integral part of these financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information – Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Special Education Fund – Budgetary Basis June 30, 2022

	Bu	dgeted .	Amou	nts		Actual	Fina	ance with al Budget ositive
	Origi			inal	Aı	mounts	(N	egative)
Revenues							•	<u> </u>
Revenue from Local Sources:								
Taxes:								
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 70	0,000	\$	700,000	\$	718,762	\$	18,762
Prior years' ad valorem taxes		3,000		3,000		3,512		512
Penalties and interest on taxes		1,000		1,000		1,409		409
Other Revenue from Local Sources:								
Charges for services	1	5,250		15,250		23,373		8,123
Other Revenue						1,610		1,610
Total Revenues	71	9,250		719,250		748,666		29,416
Expenditures								
Instructional Services:								
Special Programs:								
Programs for Special Education	41	8,533		418,533		361,459		57,074
Support Services:								
Students:								
Health	7	2,500		72,500		27,277		45,223
Psychological	2	0,000		20,000		19,695		305
Speech Pathology	3	3,000		33,000		28,221		4,779
Student therapy services	4	0,000		40,000		38,837		1,163
Special Education:								
Administrative costs	4	5,000		45,000		40,640		4,360
Transportation costs	3	4,871		34,871		29,472		5,399
Total Expenditures	66	3,904		663,904		545,601		118,303
Net Change in Fund Balance	5	5,346		55,346		203,065		147,719
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	1,37	7,412	1,	377,412	2	1,377,412		
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 1,43	2,758	\$ 1,	432,758	\$ 1	1,580,477	\$	147,719

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2022

1. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting:

The School District followed these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- a. Prior to the first regular board meeting in May of each year, the School Board causes to be prepared a proposed budget for the next fiscal year according to the budgetary standards prescribed by the Auditor General.
- b. The proposed budget is considered by the School Board at the first regular meeting held in the month of May of each year.
- c. The proposed budget is published for public review no later than July 15 each year.
- d. Public hearings are held to solicit taxpayer input prior to the approval of the budget.
- e. Before October 1 of each year, the School Board must approve the budget for the ensuing fiscal year for each fund, except fiduciary funds.
- f. After adoption by the School Board, the operating budget is legally binding and actual expenditures of each fund cannot exceed the amounts budgeted except as indicated in Item (h).
- g. A line item for contingencies may be included in the annual budget. Such a line item may not exceed 5 percent of the total School District budget and may be transferred by resolution of the School Board to any other budget category, except for capital outlay, that is deemed insufficient during the year. No amount of expenditures may be charged directly to the contingency line item in the budget.
- h. If it is determined during the year that sufficient amounts have not been budgeted, state statute allows adoption of supplemental budgets when moneys are available to increase legal spending authority.
- i. Unexpended appropriations lapse at year-end unless encumbered by resolution of the school board.
- j. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds.
- k. Budgets for the General Fund and each major special revenue fund are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

2. GAAP/Budgetary Accounting Basis Differences:

The financial statements prepared in conformity with USGAAP present capital outlay expenditure information in a separate category of expenditures. Under the budgetary basis of accounting, capital outlay expenditures are reported within the function to which they relate. For example, the purchase of a new school bus would be reported as a capital outlay expenditure on the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances, however in the Budgetary RSI Schedule, the purchase of a school bus would be reported as an expenditure of the Support Services-Business/Pupil Transportation function of government, along with all other current Pupil Transportation related expenditures.

Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability
June 30, 2022

TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY

Service Cost	\$ 35,711
Interest on Total OPEB Liability	5,683
Effect of assumption changes or inputs	(57,236)
Benefit payments	(19,223)
Net change in total OPEB liability	(35,065)
Total OPEB liability, beginning	231,018
Total OPEB liability, ending	\$ 195,953

Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) South Dakota Retirement System

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.0880410%	0.0913220%	0.0870228%	0.0848051%	0.0820613%	0.0773513%	0.0775495%	0.0824898%
District's proportionate share of net pension liability (asset)	\$ (674,243)	\$ (3,966)	\$ (9,222)	\$ (1,978)	\$ (7,447)	\$ 261,285	\$ (328,910)	\$ (594,305)
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 1,985,148	\$ 2,004,249	\$ 1,850,284	\$ 1,762,998	\$ 1,667,300	\$ 1,458,118	\$ 1,415,824	\$ 1,442,507
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	33.96%	0.20%	0.50%	0.11%	0.45%	17.92%	23.23%	41.20%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability (asset)	105.52%	100.04%	100.09%	100.02%	100.10%	96.89%	104.10%	107.30%

^{*} GASB Statement No. 68 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, the School District will present information for those years which information is available.

Note: The information disclosed for each fiscal year is reported as the measurement date of the collective net pension liability (asset) which is June 30 of the preceding year.

Schedule of the School District Contributions South Dakota Retirement System

	2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014	
Contractually-required contribution	\$	125,972	\$	119,109	\$	120,255	\$	111,017	\$	105,781	\$	100,039	\$	87,487	\$	84,950	\$	86,551
Contributions in relation to the contractually-required contribution		125,972		119,109		120,255		111,017		105,781		100,039		87,487		84,950		86,551
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	2,099,528	\$	1,985,148	\$	2,004,249	\$	1,850,284	\$	1,762,998	\$	1,667,300	\$	1,458,118	\$	1,415,824	\$	1,442,507
Contributions as a percentage of employee-covered payroll		6.00%		6.00%		6.00%		6.00%		6.00%		6.00%		6.00%		6.00%		6.00%

^{*} GASB Statement No. 68 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, the School District will present information for those years which information is available.

Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Schedule of Pension Contributions For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Changes from Prior Valuation

The June 30, 2021 Actuarial Valuation reflect no changes in actuarial methods from the June 30, 2020 Actuarial Valuation. One change in actuarial assumptions and two plan provision changes are reflected and described below.

The details of the changes since the last valuation are as follows:

Benefit Provision Changes

Legislation enacted in 2021 reduced the minimum SDRS COLA from 0.5% to 0%. This change will impact the SDRS COLA only when inflation is very low or when a restricted maximum COLA of 0.5% is not affordable. The change had no impact on the current assets or liabilities of SDRS.

Actuarial Assumption Changes

The SDRS COLA equals the percentage increase in the most recent third calendar quarter CPI-W over the prior year, no less than 0% (0.5% prior to 2021) and no greater than 3.5%. However, if the FVFR assuming the long-term COLA is equal to the baseline COLA assumption (currently 2.25%) is less than 100%, the maximum COLA payable will be limited to the increase that if assumed on a long-term basis, results in a FVFR equal to or exceeding 100%. That condition existed as of June 30, 2020 and the July 2021 SDRS COLA was limited to a restricted maximum of 1.41%. As of June 30, 2021, the FVFR assuming the COLA is equal to the baseline COLA assumption is greater than 100%. The July 2022 SDRS COLA will equal inflation, between 0% and 3.5%. For the June 30, 2020 Actuarial Valuation, future COLAs were assumed to equal the restricted maximum COLA of 1.41%. For this June 30, 2021 Actuarial Valuation, future COLAs are assumed to equal the baseline COLA assumption of 2.25%.

The change in the COLA assumption increased the Actuarial Accrued Liability by \$1,135 million, or 8.9% of the Actuarial Accrued Liability based on the 1.41% restricted maximum COLA.

Actuarial assumptions are reviewed in depth periodically, with the next experience analysis anticipated before the June 30, 2022 Actuarial Valuation and any recommended changes approved by the Board of Trustees are anticipated to be first implemented in the June 30, 2022 Actuarial Valuation.

Actuarial Method Changes

No changes in actuarial methods were made since the prior valuation.